CLAIMS

We claim:

- 1. A polyester composition comprising:
- I. a polyester consisting essentially of:
 - (i) diacid residues consisting essentially of terephthalic residues; and
 - (ii) diol residues consisting essentially of ethylene glycol residues, about 1 to 4 mole percent diethylene glycol (DEG) residues, and about 1 to 4 mole percent 1,4-cyclohexanedimethanol (CHDM) residues; and having an inherent viscosity (IhV, in dl/g) which satisfies the equations IhV-X-Y = 0.74 to 0.80, wherein X is the mole fraction of CHDM and Y is the mole fraction of DEG; and
- II. at least one reheat enhancing aid in an amount sufficient to provide between about 5 and 35% reheat improvement.
- 2. The composition of Claim 1 wherein polyester component I consists essentially of:
- (i) diacid residues consisting essentially of terephthalic residues; and
- (ii) diol residues consisting essentially of about 94.5 to 97.5 mole percent ethylene glycol residues, about 1.5 to 3 mole percent DEG residues, and about 1 to 2.5 mole percent CHDM residues; and has an inherent viscosity (IhV, in dl/g)which satisfies the equations IhV-X-Y = 0.76 to 0.80, wherein X is the mole fraction of CHDM and Y is the mole fraction of DEG.
- 3. The composition of Claim 2 wherein said reheat enhancing aid is selected from the group consisting of black and gray body absorbers and near infrared absorbing dyes.
- 4. The composition of Claim 3 wherein said reheat enhancing aid is present in an amount of about 5 to 150 ppm.

- 5. The composition of Claim 4 wherein said reheat enhancing aid is present in an amount of about 10 to 100 ppm.
- 6. The composition of Claim 1 wherein said reheat enhancing aid is selected from the group consisting of carbon black, iron oxide, antimony, tin, copper, silver, gold, palladium, platinum or a mixture thereof.
- 7. The composition of Claim 1 wherein said reheat enhancing aid is selected from the group consisting of carbon black, black iron oxide and antimony metal.
- 8. A polyester composition comprising:
- I. a polyester consisting essentially of:
 - (i) diacid residues consisting essentially of terephthalic residues; and
 - (ii) diol residues consisting essentially of about 94.5 to 97.5 mole percent ethylene glycol residues, about 1.5 to 3 mole percent diethylene glycol (DEG) residues, and about 1 to 2.5 mole percent 1,4-cyclohexanedimethanol (CHDM) residues;
 - and has an inherent viscosity (lhV, in dl/g)which satisfies the equations lhV-X-Y=0.76 to 0.80, wherein X is the mole fraction of CHDM and Y is the mole fraction of DEG; and
- II. about 5 to 150 ppm of at least one reheat enhancing aid selected from carbon black, black iron oxide and antimony metal.
- 9. The composition of Claim 1 further comprising at least one UV absorbing compound which is thermally stable at polyester processing temperatures and provides less than about 20% transmittance of UV light having a wavelength of 370 nm through a bottle wall 12 mils thick.

10. The composition of Claim 9 wherein said UV absorbing compound has formula I:

$$RO \longrightarrow C = C CO_2 R^2$$

wherein:

R is hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, aryl, substituted aryl, cycloalkyl, substituted cycloalkyl or alkenyl;

R¹ is hydrogen, or a group such as alkyl, aryl, or cycloalky, all of which groups may be substituted;

R² is any radical selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, substituted alkyl, allyl, cycloalkyl or aryl;

R³ is hydrogen or 1-3 substitutents selected from alkyl, substituted alkyl, alkoxy, substituted alkoxy and halogen, and

P is cyano, or a group such as carbamyl, aryl, alkylsulfonyl, arylsufonyl, heterocyclic, alkanoyl, or aroyl, all of which groups may be substituted.

- 11. The composition of Claim 10 wherein R² is hydrogen, alkyl and hydroxyalkyl; R is selected from hydrogen or an alkyl linking group; and P is cyano.
- 12. The composition of Claim 10 where said UV absorbing compound comprises at least two compounds of formula I.
- 13. The composition of Claim 10 wherein said UV absorbing compound is present in an amount between 1 to about 5000 ppm by weight.

- 14. The composition of Claim 10 wherein said UV absorbing compound is present in an amount between about 2 ppm to about 1,500 ppm by weight.
- 15. The composition of Claim 10 wherein said UV absorbing compound is present in an amount between about 10 and about 700 ppm by weight.
- 16. A process for forming a heat-set container which comprises the steps of:
- (1) injection molding the polyester composition of Claim 1 to form a container perform;
- (2) reheating or temperature conditioning the preform; and
- (3) stretch blow molding the preform of step (2) into a mold heated at a temperature of about 90 to 160°C.
- 17. The process of Claim 16 wherein step (3) comprises stretch blow molding the preform of step (2) into a mold heated at a temperature of about 100 to 140°C.
- 18. A heat set container formed from the composition of Claim 1.
- 19. A heat set container formed from the composition of Claim 5.
- 20. A process for forming a heat-set container which comprises the steps of:
- (1) injection molding the polyester composition of Claim 8 to form a container perform;
- (2) reheating the preform; and
- (3) stretch blow molding the preform of step (2) into a mold heated at a temperature of about 100 to 140°C.